

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE
EASTERN DIVISION**

JUSTIN JAMOL WILLIAMS,)	
)	
Plaintiff,)	
)	
v.)	No. 19-cv-1110-JDT-cgc
)	
MADISON COUNTY, TN,)	
)	
Defendant.)	

**ORDER DIRECTING PLAINTIFF TO COMPLY WITH 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(2)
OR PAY THE \$400 CIVIL FILING FEE**

On June 3, 2019, Plaintiff Justin Jamol Williams, who is incarcerated at the Madison County Jail in Jackson, Tennessee, filed a *pro se* complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and a motion to proceed *in forma pauperis*. (ECF Nos. 1 & 2.)

Under the Prison Litigation Reform Act (“PLRA”), 28 U.S.C. §§ 1915(a)-(b), a prisoner bringing a civil action must pay the filing fee required by 28 U.S.C. § 1914(a). Although the obligation to pay the fee accrues at the moment the case is filed, *see McGore v. Wriggleworth*, 114 F.3d 601, 605 (6th Cir. 1997), *partially overruled on other grounds by LaFountain v. Harry*, 716 F.3d. 944, 951 (6th Cir. 2013), the PLRA provides the prisoner the opportunity to make a “down payment” of a partial filing fee and pay the remainder in installments. § 1915(b)(2). However, in order to take advantage of the installment procedures, the prisoner must properly complete and submit to the district court, along with the complaint, an *in forma pauperis* affidavit and a certified copy of his trust account statement for the last six months immediately preceding the filing of the complaint. *Id.* § 1915(a)(2).

In this case, the affidavit submitted by Plaintiff is not accompanied by a current certified copy of his trust account statement. Accordingly, Plaintiff is ORDERED to submit, within thirty 30 days after the date of this order, either the entire \$400 civil filing fee¹ or a current copy of his trust account statement for the last six months.² If Plaintiff needs additional time to file the required document, he may request one 30-day extension of time from this Court. *McGore*, 114 F.3d at 605.

If Plaintiff timely submits the necessary document and the Court finds that he is indeed indigent, the Court will grant leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* and assess a filing fee of only \$350 in accordance with the installment procedures of 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b). However, if the Plaintiff fails to comply with this order in a timely manner, the Court will deny leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*, assess the entire \$400 filing fee without regard to the installment payment procedures, and dismiss the action without further notice pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b), for failure to prosecute. *McGore*, 114 F.3d at 605.³

IT IS SO ORDERED

s/James D. Todd

JAMES D. TODD

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

¹ The civil filing fee is \$350. 28 U.S.C. § 1914(a). The Schedule of Fees set out following the statute also requires an additional administrative fee of \$50 for filing any civil case. That additional fee will not apply if leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* is ultimately granted.

² Plaintiff does not need to submit another *in forma pauperis* affidavit.

³ Even a voluntary dismissal by Plaintiff will not eliminate the obligation to pay the filing fee. *McGore*, 114 F.3d at 607; *see also In re Alea*, 286 F.3d 378, 381 (6th Cir. 2002).